CONGRESSMEN WARNED THAT THEY WILL BE HELD RESPONSIBLE FOR REDUCTIONS OF

WAGES DUE TO TARIFF TINKERING. Thousands of working men and women all over the United States feel that poverty and misery will surely follow if the pernicious Free-Trade measure known as the Wilson bill is passed by Congress, and already delegations from many cities urged the Ways and Means Committee, thus far with fruitless effect, to use its best endeavors to prevent its passage. Already the feeling has beprevalent among wage-earners that a mistake was made in electing to power the representatives of a party whose object it is, regardless of public necessity or weal, to overturn the protective No more gratifying indorsement of McKinley law could be given than that of the mass-meeting of wage-earners which was held yesterday afternoon at Wendell's Assembly Rooms, Forty-fourth-st., to protest against the passage of the Wilson bill, as one detrimental to the interests of workingmen.

meeting, which was under the auspices the Carpet Workers of New-York City, was one of unusually large size and interest, there being present about 1,500 persons; many of them were men, and many other trades besides carnet ork were represented. The speakers were either employes in factories or business men. John Keara carpet-worker, presided.

The following resolution, which is self-explana-tory, was passed with a rousing "Aye": "Resolved, That the carpet-workers of New-York in mass-meeting assembled, call upon all organizations and wage-earners for a continued effort against the passage of the proposed Wilson Tariff bill, and, in this connection, we earnestly ask that the American Protective League will give us and kindred organizations its earnest support in bringing petitions, resolutions, etc., before Con-

pringing principles. Desiring to show its legislative representatives at Washington that the wishes of their constituents should be paramount to all other considerations, the meeting unanimously adopted resolutions informing the New-York delegation in Congress of the sentiment of the carpet-weavers on the Wilson bill, and ending as follows:

"Be it further resolved, That if we are obliged to work for reduced wages, we will hold those responsible who vote for this or a similar measure."

responsible who vote for this or a similar measure."

Robert Miller, a carpet-dealer, was the first speaker. He said that if the Wilson bill became a law carpet-men of this country would find it hard to dispose of their goods. Notwithstanding the fact that Congressman Warner was a strong Free Trader, he said, it was the privilege of every voter in the large assembly to demand that he should vote in the interests of his constituents.

Mrs. J. Ellen Foster, the next speaker, made some witty points, and then Colonel C. H. Dennison referred to the Wilson bill as a measure designed to crush American markets. "I think," said Colonel Dennison, "that charity begins at home."

Ex-Senator Charles A. Treat, of Delaware, sam in part: "No one can dispute that tariff and wages are identical. It is for you to say to-day that the McKinley bill is no fraud upon the citizens of the commonwealth; it is one that carries comfort to American homes; it will stand monumental to protect American industries."

A. H. Steele and Frederick Shortner, secretary

American industries."

A. H. Steele and Frederick Shortner, secretary of the Essex County Workingmen's League, also made addresses, and then a committee was appointed to go to Washington and fight in every legitimate way the passage of the bill.

HARD ON THE JUTE WORKERS. A MASS-MEETING OF EMPLOYES PROTEST AGAINST

THE PASSAGE OF THE WILSON BILL. There was a large meeting of the jute workers of Greenpoint last evening. So many were present that the meeting overflowed into the street. The workers, who included men, women and children, assembled in response to a call to protest against the passage of the Wilson Tariff bill by Congress. The employes were from the Chelsea jute mills and they numbered in Greeapoint Hall about 2,500

David McLean was elected temporary chairman, he offered the following resolutions: "Whereas, We, being employed in the different processes of the jute, hemp and flax industries, feeling that, if the proposed tariff bill, known as the 'Whison bill,' should pass in its present form, it will work to our detriment as individuals; therefore, we in meeting assembled do hereby Resolve. That we enter our earnest protest against the reduction in the tariff rates on jute, yarns, burlaps, carpets and all other manufactures of jute, hemp and flax, as we know that the proposed rates of duty will not cover the difference in wages between the United States and Great Britain, where, next to this country, the highest rate of wages paid, and we know that if this reduction of duty as proposed in the Wilson bill becomes a law the mills will in all probability have to be closed; and be it therefore "Resolved, That this meeting instruct our delegates to place before our accredited representatives in both Houses of Congress in the United States, the above resolution, and all facts and figures bearing on our wages and the duties on fibres used in our manufactures."

Lohn C. Lade, an employe, was the first speaker. Whereas, We, being employed in the different

manufactures.

John C. Lade, an employe, was the first speaker.

He said that the passage of the Wilson bill might close the mills, and, if not, they would be run on a more economical plan. A number of other speakers addressed the meeting, including John W. Wand, William A. Cottler and A. B. Graham.

SENATOR SHERMAN ON THE WILSON BILL EVERY EFFORT WILL BE MADE TO DEFEAT OR CORRECT IT IN THE SENATE.

Philadelphia, Dec. 15.—John Field, ex-postmaster of this city, and a leading business man, recently addressed a letter to Senator Sherman calling his attention to the stagnation of business throughout

addressed a letter to Senator Sherman calling his attention to the stagnation of business throughout the country and attributing it to the uncertainty felt in business circles over the prospective changes in the tariff. He also requested Senator Sherman to state what course the Republican Senators will pursue toward the bill. To-day Mr. Field received the following reply from Senator Sherman:
"I am not able to give you much information in regard to the Wilson bill, as thus far it has been considered in the House of Representatives as purely a party measure, framed entirely by the Democratic members of the Committee on Ways and Means, and scarcely known to the Republican members of the committee. From present indications it will pass the House some time in January or February, and will then come to the Senato. You may be assured that it will not pass until the most careful and determined efforts are made to correct its worst features, and, if possible, to defeat the bill. How long this will take no one can tell. Every opportunity possible will be given to persons interested to present their objections to the bill, but whether it can be defeated or not will dependentifiely upon the votes of Northern Democratic Senators. The prospect of ald from them is not very flattering. The measure will probably be treated as a party one. I do not think, in any event, it can pass before April, and will be made to take effect on the list of July."

FAILURE OF A LARGE IRON CONCERN. INABILITY TO COLLECT FORCES THE CRANE IRON COMPANY TO THE WALL.

Philadelphia, Dec. 15 (Special).—The Crane Iron Company, whose furnaces are at Catasauqua, on the Lehigh River, above Allentown, and whose main office is at No. 224 South Fourth-st., filed a deed of assignment to-day for the benefit of its creditors, to Robert F. Kennedy, of this city, and Leonard Peckitt, of Catasauqua. The announcement of the assignment created little surprise in the iron trade, as it had been known for some time that the concern was in difficulties. The comtime that the concern was in disculties. The company was affected by the numerous other failures in the trade, and has quite a large sum owed to it by concerns which are in the hands of receivers. The immediate cause of the failure was a default on the interest payable on November 1, on the bonds and other obligations of the company. In addition to the \$448,000 outstanding 6 per cent bonds, there were over \$250,000 of the bonds held in the company's treasury hypothecated for loans. This brought up the total bonded indebtedness to \$700,000. What the other liabilities were outside of the capital stock is not definitely known, but they were those of ordinary business creditors. The assets, so far as known, comprise the manufacturing plant at Catasauqua which is considered a fine one in the iron trade, worth about \$400,000 or \$500,000; the materials and supplies on hand, and a claim against the receiver of the Pottstown Iron Company for \$6,000 on account of credit for materials. The Crane Iron Company was incorporated in 1839, and has an authorized capital of \$2,000,000, of which \$1,500,000 is paid up. The plant at Catasauqua consists of four biast furnaces, erected in 1839-66, and remodelled from time to time. In addition to its own furnaces, the company leased the Macungle furnace, at an annual rental of \$3.375, making the capacity 133,000 tons annual output. pany was affected by the numerous other failures

A STRONG PROTEST FROM COAL MEN. Roanoke, Va., Dec. 15.—At the session of the Coal Operators' Association of Virginia and West 'Virginia here last night resolutions were adopted protesting against the passage by Congress of the Wilson Tariff bill. The operators and miners of thirty-six mines carnestly declare that such action would be ruinous to their interests, and ask that the Representatives of Virginia and West Virginia use all legitimate means for the defeat of the bill.

A PROTEST FROM YONKERS.

A call has been issued for "citizens, taxpayers and wage-earners of the city of Yonkers who are interested in the industries operating in the city of Yonkers, and who desire the successful continuation of said industries to meet in mass-meeting to-night at Music Hall for the purpose of requesting our representatives in the Senate and House of Representatives to oppose the passage of any legislation that will tend in any way to prevent the successful and profitable operation of any industry in the city and delay the speedy reopening of all our factories." The meeting is called because of the

CARPET WORKERS PROTEST, announcement that the Wilson tariff will indefinitely TO TRY CAPTAIN O'CONNOR. HEAVY JUDGMENTS ENTERED. IN THE FIELD OF POLITICS ing clause.

COTTON YARN MILLS ORGANIZED.

PERMANENT ASSOCIATION OF SPINNERS FORMED TO COMBAT THE WILSON BILL. Boston, Dec. 15 (Special).-The cotton-yarn spinners formed a permanent association in Boston to-day, to be known as the Cotton-Yarn Spinners' Association of America. The purpose is to make a determined fight against the proposed tariff, which, it is declared, will kill their industry in this country. Nearly every manufacturer of fine cotton-yains in the country, irrespective of parties, was represented at this meeting, showing the great interest aroused by the call, which was sent out by President Arnold B. Sanford and Secretary Davis, after they had spent some time in

Ira C. Davis, after they had spent some time in Washington consulting with the Ways and Means Committee. The following officers were elected today: President. Arnold B. Sanford, president of the Sanford Spinning Company, and treasurer of the Globe Yarn Mili, of Fali River; vice-presidents, Arthur Lyman, of the Lowell Carpet Company. Boston; W. E. Trainer, of D. Trainer & Sons, Chester, Vt.; secretary and treasurer, E. D. Bancroft, of the Glasgow Yarn Company. Glasgow, Conn. The Executive Committee consists of George P. Grant, of the Green & Danleis Manufacturing Company, of Pawtucket; J. H. Scott, of the Shenandosh Mills, Utlea, N. Y.; E. D. Bancroft, W. D. Howland, of Howland Mills, New-Bedford, and W. E. Trainer. The Legislative Committee appointed to go to Washington and work for the interests of the association consists of R. C. Kerr, of the Kerr Thread Mills, Fall River; W. D. Howland and W. E. Trainer.

Frank R. Hadley, treasurer of the Bennett Manufacturing Company, which has two of the largest spinning mills in the country, built up under the McKinley bill, wrote that he was fully in sympathy, and could furnish his share of the funds necessary to carry out the work. Thomas H. Smith, a well-known spinner, of Jamestown, N. Y., wrote: "Our prices are down to a very low rate, and will be lower if English yarns are admitted. If the Democratic party had planned to Injure the country, it could not have done better than it has in putting forward the Wilson bill. This is the first stop of orders we have had for twelve years."

Messrs, Sanford and Davis, when in Washington recently, placed before the Ways and Means Committee a vigorous protest against this feature of the Wilson bill. This industry has grown during the past ten years to fully \$25,000,000 capital, and employing not less than 20,000 people, It has also reduced the price of yarns from \$1.25 a pound for the foreign to 90 cents for domestic.

THE WILSON BILL DISPLEASES THEM. The employes of several manufacturing concerns a Paterson, N. J., have held largely attended meetings and adopted resolutions protesting aginst the Wiland adopted resolutions profesting aginst the wilson Tariff bill. Committees have been appointed to
arrange for a mass-meeting of workingmen in the
near future. Among the employes who have taken
this action are those of the Barbour Flax Spinning
Company and of Ashley & Balley and Doherty &
Wadsworth, silk manufacturers, It is proposed to
have a demonstration of the silk workers alone,
and a separate one of the iron workers.

TO RECONSIDER A CLAUSE OF THE BILL.

A meeting of the Executive Committee of the thread workers of the Clark O. N. T. Company, of Newark, was held Thursday night. The delegates who had been sent to Washington reported that they had received promises from Chairman Wilson, of the Ways and Means Committee, to the effect that he would suggest to the committee that the clause affecting thread workers be gone over again carefully and revisions made if they were found to be necessary.

WOOLLEN MANUFACTURERS TO MEET HERE Boston, Dec. 15 (Special).—The National Association of Wool Manufacturers, of this city, has is sued a circular to the trade throughout the country sued a circular to the trade throughout the country, setting forth the dangers threatened by the Wilson bill to the woollen industry and urging that petitions be sent to Congressmen, praying that the bill be not passed. A meeting will be held in New-York Wednesday, January 10, to protest against the schedule relating to woollen and worsted goods, carpets, hosiery, knit goods, clothing and cloaks.

ARCHITECTURAL LEAGUE DINNER.

MANY PATRONS OF ART PRESENT-ATTRACTIONS OF THE ANNUAL EXHIBITION.

The Architectural League had its ninth annual dinner last night in the Vanderbilt Gallery of the American Fine Arts Building, in West Fifty-seventh-st. It was called the exhibition dinner, as it was given just previous to the opening of the League's annual exhibition, which begins on Mon

was given just previous to the opening of the League's annual exhibition, which begins on Monday night. Those who sat at the guest table, besides George B. Pest, the president of the League, were Richard M. Hunt, George W. Vanderbilt, S. P. Avery, W. S. Andrews, J. W. Champhey, A. D. Jay, H. B. Dominick, W. M. Chase, J. E. Evans, J. Lamb, J. A. Garland, C. R. Lamb, E. H. Bell and T. A. Wright.

There were no regular toasts proposed, but George B. Post, Richard M. Hunt, Howard R. Butler, Joseph Evans and E. H. Kendell spoke on the topic, "The League and Its Exhibition," George W. Vanderbilt was unanimously elected an honorary member of the League last night, and three cheers were given him by the enthusiastic artists. Vesterday afternoon a press view was given of the League's exhibition. In the five galleries which are devoted to the exhibits there is a valuable, interesting and highly artistic collection of works that come under the head of architectural designs. It not only includes designs of the exterior and interior of buildings, but also designs of fine art decoration in wood, iron, leather, wall papers, tapestries, artistic windows, statuary, and, in fact, everything that can suggest the beautiful in interior and exterior decorations. In the Vanderbilt gallery are the architectural drawings. In the small west gailery there are designs for embroidery, sneedlework, book covers and wall papers. In the small west gailery there are decorative painting exsubtibits, cartoons and sculpture. In the middle gailier, are the leathers, tapestries, rugs, bronzes, lett. To-night a private reception will be given by the League.

NEW-ENGLAND SOCIETY OFFICERS.

NEW-ENGLAND SOCIETY OFFICERS.

ANNUAL MEETING AND ELECTION-PLANS FOR THE DINNER ON DECEMBER 22.

The eighty-eighth annual meeting of the New England Society of New-York was held last evening at the Fifth Avenue Hotel. A board of officers for the coming year was elected, as follows: President, Elihu Root; first vice-president, Charles C. Beaman; second vice-president, Henry E. Howland; trens urer, William Dowd; secretary, Luther Prescott

second vice-president, Henry E. Howand, the survey william Dowd; secretary, Luther Present Hubbard; for director for two years, William E. Dodge; for four years, J. Plerpont Morgan, Jr. John Claffin, George S. Bowdoin and A. Willard Kingman. Charles Lanler was named as one of the directors for four years, but he sent a letter withdrawing his name, and Mr. Howdoin was elected in his stead.

The treasurer's report showed an existing balance on hand of \$2.550. The secretary's report showed 1.534 members of the society, and thirty-three deaths during the last year.

Mr. Hubbard was elected secretary for the fortieth time.

Daniel G. Rollins has been president for two years, and will retire in favor of Mr. Root, December 22. On this date the annual dinner will take place at Sherry's. The list of speakers is not yet completed, but Charles Dudley Warner will speak on the subject of "The Way of the Pilsgrims"; M. W. Stryker to the toast "Forefather's Enriss"; M. W. Stryker to the toast "Forefather's Day"; General Horace Porter, on "Pilgrim Patriotism," and General William E. Russell, of Massachusetts, on "The Commonwealth of Massachusetts,"

DEATH OF THE REV. DR. GOTTHEIL'S WIFE.

Mrs. Rosalie Gottheil, wife of the well-known Rabbi, of Temple Emanu-El, Fifth-ave. and Forty Habbl, of Temple Editations, Titleave, and Forty-third-st., died at midnight last Thursday from pneumonia, at her home, No. 681 Madison-ave. Mrs. Gottheil had been a sufferer from heart trouble pneumonia, at her home, No. 631 Madison-ave.
Mrs. Gotthell had been a sufferer from heart trouble
for more than two years, and was unable to withstand the effects of pneumonia, which entered in
as a complication with heart affection. She was
born sixty-three years ago in Friedland, Prussia,
and had been married thirty-eight years. Mrs.
and had been married thirty-eight years. Mrs.
Gotthell has always taken a leading part in all
work connected with the charitable organizations
of Tempie Emenu-El, over which her husband, the
fev. Dr. Gustav Gotthell, is senior minister. Mrs.
Gotthell leaves four children, two sons and two
daughters. One son is Dr. William S. Gotthell,
No. 25 West Fifty-third-st., and the other is Rich,
No. 25 West Fifty-third-st., and the other is Rich,
No. 49 Manhattan-ave. and Mrs. E.
Joseph Rich, No. 49 Manhattan-ave. and Mrs. E.
M. Levy, No. 68 Madison-ave.
According to the wishes of the Rev. Dr. Gotthell, no crape or signs of mourning are seen about
the house. Instead of the black crape on the door
there is a wreath of green, with large white chrysanthemums. The funeral will take place at Temple
Emanu-El to-morrow at 2:30 a. m., the junior
minister. Dr. Silverman, officiating. The burist
will be at Salem Fields Cemetery, on Long Island.
The trustees of the temple will be the pallbearers.

PROBING THE CAUSE OF HER DEATH.

PROBING THE CAUSE OF HER DEATH.

The inquest in the case of Mrs. Georgiania Jackson, who was burned to death in her home at Farmingville, L. L. on Monday night, was continued by Coroner Moore, of Bay Shore, yesterday. It was the belief in the village that the woman was murdered and that her house was then set on fire. The most significant testimony of the day was that of Eimer Edward White, the pedler who admitted that he had given the wrong name when arrested that he had given the wrong name when arrested that he tastified that a man named Rauher had told him that he (White) was suspected of committing the murder and should "not carry his revolver compty." Rauher had said he was a deputy sheriff, which, however, was not the case. A dress belonging to Mrs. Jackson was found in the possession of a family named Darmstadt. The investigation will be continued on Monday.

LEFT THEIR SHIP ON THE DIAMOND SHOALS. The steamer Old Dominion, Captain Couch, which arrived here Thursday from Richmond, Va., brought the first and second officers, chief engineer and seventeen of the crew of the British steamer Wetherby, which is ashore on the Diamond Shoals, off Cape Hatteras. The chief engineer of the Wetherby is a native of China.

HIM WITH N/GLECT OF DUTY.

THEY WANT TO KNOW WHY THAT OFFICER, WHILE IN COMMAND OF THE TENDERLOIN

PRECINCY, DIDN'T FIND A FEW OF THE DISORDERLY HOUSES WHICH HAVE

AND FAST OF LATE. The Police Commissioners yesterday afternoon took action which doubtless will cause Captain Richard O'Connor to be placed on trial before them on Thursday of next week. He will be charged with neglect of duty, because he failed to close up the disorderly houses in the Nineteenth Precinct before he was transferred from the station in West Thirtieth-st, to the one in Church-st. The action was or

a carefully prepared resolution which Commissione

MacLean moved and pressed upon the notice of his

olleagues. It came as a surprise. The resolution Resolved, That the Superintendent be directed to examine the returns of arrests in the Nineteenth Precinct since 8 a. m. on December 6 last, and if, after inquiry made, it appear in any instance or instances that in the period from 8 a. m. October 2, 1822, to December 6, 1823, persons so arrested were chargeable with acts in violation of Section 322 of the Penal Code, or that premises where such arrests were made were used in contravention of said section, to prefer charges specifying each such instance of neglect of duty against Richard O'Connor, a captain of police and recently in command of the Nineteenth Precinct. And, furthermore, that Corporation Counsel William H. Clark be requested to appear and conduct the inquiry into and upon such charges, to be had before the Commissioners of this Board at 2 p. m., on Thursday, December 21, next. Commissioner McClave said he would prefer to hear what Superintendent Byrnes had to say on

hear what Superintendent Byrnes had to say of

Commissioner McClave said he would prefer to hear what Superintendent Byrnes had to say on that subject before he voted on the resolution. President Martin then said that he desired to have the resolution considered in executive session, but the board voted against him.

"I would like to hear your opinion of that resolution, Mr. Superintendent," remarked Mr. McClave to Mr. Brynes.

Superintendent Brynes looked as if the question had taken him somewhat by surprise, but there was no suggestion of a smile about his mouth as he replied:

"I am here to obey orders, not to theorize. If you have any orders to give, I will see that they are carried out. I prefer not to give my opinion in this matter."

When the vote on the resolution was called, Mr. Martin said "no." Commissioners MacLean, Sheehan and McClave voted for it.

Dr. Parkhurst twice read, with the greatest attention, the copy of the resolution shown to him by the Tribune reporter.

"Well," he said, after a long pause for consideration, "If matters go on in this way the Society for the Prevention of Crime might as well go out of the business, settle with its creditors and vanish. "Of course, I am much pleased—who would not be under the circumstances? On the surface it looks as if the Commissioners were in carnest in this matter, and I am glad that they have taken this subject in hand instead of leaving the settlement to our society. It is peculiarly their business. The only sure way to keep this movement alive is to continue action with all vigor."

Referring to the story published in The Tribune yesterday, Dr. Parkhurst said: "It is not only the case that the women blackmalled by the police and then promptly raided are now threatening to expose the system, but it is also true that a great part of the assistance and encouragement which I am receiving comes from the classes with whom I am supposed to be at war-the gamblers, liquor store keepers and certain policemen."

FORTY-MINE DISORDERLY PEOPLE GO FREE Forty-nine men and women were arraigned be fore Judge Ryan in the Essex Market Police Cour yesterday morning. They were arrested by Captair Cortwright, of the Eldridge-st. station, on Thurs Cortwright, of the Eldridge st. station, on Thursday night. The specific charge against all of them was intoxication and disorderly conduct. The officers could not make a harge against any individual man or woman. Justice Ryan said: "These people are entitled to sit and drink in salions or walk the streets without being molested. No one would be concerned if they were all sent to the Island, but I have no evidence against them. I am desirous of helping the police all I can to stop these women, but as there is no evidence of any disorderly conduct I am reluctantly compelled to discharge them."

IN BEHALF OF THE UNEMPLOYED.

THE INFLUX OF TRAMPS TO CHICAGO GREATLY INCREASED—RELIEF MEASURES.

Chicago, Dec. 15.—The measures adopted by the city for the relief of the unemployed are attracting the dependent class in Chicago in large numbers, and the influx of tramps has greatly increased. Chief Brennan and the five inspectors of police had. and the influx of tramps has greatly increased. Chief Brennan and the five inspectors of police had a long discussion this morning on the problem of keeping any of this class from entering the city. The inspectors received instructions to detail men to watch at the city imits all incoming freight trains and to stop all men who might be found stealing a ride on them. These men were to be questioned, and if they could not demonstrate that they had in sight or with them means of support they were to be directed to turn back in the direction whence they came.

So far as the unemployed already in the city are concerned, it is said that over 5,000 men can be put to work to advantage in cleaning the streets if the money is raised to pay them. To-morrow night Commissioner Reynolds, of the Health Department, will make a vaccination crusade on the lodging-houses and police stations.

A special meeting of the lines in the Eastern Department of the Western Passenger Association has been called for to-morrow to consider an application of the Chicago Relief Committee for a reduced rate for indigent persons, whom it is desired to send out of the city to, their old homes.

A benefit performance was given at the Chicago Opera House this afternoon, at which a goodly sum was realized for the relief fund. Among those who assisted were Joseph Jefferson and Stuart Robson.

BETHEL (CONN) HAT FACTORIES SHUT DOWN.

Danbury, Dec. 15.—The leaders of the locked-out natters are inclined to be more hopeful to-day, as hatters are inclined to be more hopeful to-day, as the state of trade seems to be in their favor. Manufacturers whose shops are closed against the unions asked their customers to hold back their orders till becember. Now that date has arrived and the men show no disposition to go back to work under the new system of independent shops. The factories will, therefore, remain closed. Orders will have to be turned away, and, aside from this, there are new styles of hats coming out next month that manufacturers will have to prepare to make if they intend to do any business at all in the near future.

If they intend to do any business at all in the nea future.

There is serious hatting trouble in Bethel, thre miles below this city, where there are fifteen mann facturing houses. Judd & Dunning, one of the oldes firms there, closed to-day, and 29 hands were thrown out of employment. Yesterday the firm asked the finishers to make a change in their bill of prices which they could not do, owing to the rules of trade there. The finishers were immediately discharged and the rest of the help received notice to-day. The firm says that it will never open its shop again but will go out of business, as the wages demanded by the union make business unprolitable. Two other factories, those of G. A. rilekok & Sen and Orrin Benedict, both large concerns, have recently been closed for the same reason.

A TALK WITH MINISTER PITKIN.

ister to the Argentine Republic, in conversation last evening, said: "I am very recently from Buenos Ayres, and, of course, know something isst evening, said: "I am very recently from Buenos Ayres, and, of course, know something about the state of things there. The country is quiet and pacinc. In fact, the reports of revolutions there are fearfully exaggerated. The Government is now in the hands of a permanent administration, and I have no doubt that peace is generally assured throughout the country. "The immigration to Euenos Ayres has hitherto been too largely of Lating, and the country needs more Northmen, whether from our country or Europe. Our own mistake has been in ignoring South America, and especially this part of it. The Argentines will have no agricultural appliances but our own, and this has driven Europe out of the market. We also furnish enormous shipments of lumber and kerosene. We have been going to the Australian and Cape of Good Hope markets for wool to supplement our own product. The Argentine statesmen are keenly eager for more active morolided on our own. Our text-books are in their libraries. Our Supreme Court decisions are daily referred to in their tribunals, and there is a manifest desire on the part of the Argentines for close elbow-touch with us.

"It is by far the most advanced republic of South America. Our own people may learn much from the social manners of the Argentines for close coulture, her able men and her unlimited resources. What we have supposed to be a mere barren waste teems with vaild and mighty reasons for national aggrandizement."

SIR WALTER RALEIGH'S GARDEN.

From Garden and Forest.

It is now 300 years since Sir Walter Raleigh lived in Ireland, but, according to Sir John Pope Hennesy, many traces of his residence there can still be seen. The richly perfumed yellow wall-flowers that he brought to Ireland from the Azores, and that he brought to Ireland from the Azores, and the Affanc cherry are still found where he first planted them, by the Blackwater. Some cedars planted them, by the Blackwater. Some cedars planted them, by the Blackwater. Some cedars planted them, by the Blackwater, some cedars planted affance called Tivoll. The four venerable yew-trees, whose branches have grown and intermigled into a sort of summer-house thatch, are pointed out as a sort of summer-house thatch, are pointed out as a sort of summer-house thatch, are pointed out as a sort of summer-house thatch, are pointed he hacco in his Youghal garden. In that garden he saiso planted toward wall of the thirteenth century where the town wall-flower the tubers planted by him. In that garden he gave the tubers planted by him. In that garden he gave the tubers planted by him. In that garden he province of Munster.

THE POLICE COMMISSIONERS WILL CHARGE PREFERRED CREDITORS OF N. J. SCHLOSS & CO. TAKE ACTION.

ATTACHMENTS ISSUED AGAINST THE FIRM-A

HEAVY DEFICIT WHICH THE BOOKKEEPER'S ACTION DOES NOT ACCOUNT FOR

-FRAUD HINTED AT.

N. J. Schloss & Co., clothing dealers, who as signed on December 5 to Simson Wolf, yesterday signed on December 5 to Simson Volt., School, School allowed judgments to be entered against the firm to the amount of almost \$400,000, including preferred creditors to the amount of \$330,000, as follows:

Gussie H. Strauss, \$504; Louis Blum, \$15,019; HerDecember \$19,000. man Rosenthal, 114,969; Jacob R. Rossback, 112,969; Ida Rossback, 11,259; Herman Rosenthal, 115,519; Johanna Kerbs, 14,019; Bierman, Heidelberg & Co., \$6,197; Adolph Kerbs, \$29,959; Julius B. Schloss, \$2,652; Leopold Scheuer, \$20,726; Alfred Pratel, \$25,500 Max Rosenthal, \$44,969; Isaac Levy, \$43,677; Emile Schloss, \$21,574; Mary Roggers, \$2,023; Gustav E. Schloss, \$10,019; Siegfried Herzog, \$10,811; Emanuel Frankfeld, \$17,168; William J. Schloss, \$31,022. These were principally for money lent by relatives and for merchandise. It was reported that more judg-ments would be entered next week. As soon as the execution of the confessed judg-

ments became known. Blumenstiel & Hirsch, the lawyers, filed four attachments against the property in favor of the following creditors: Citizens National Bank, \$48,000; Naumburg, Kraus, Eauer & Co., \$25,000; Rufus S, Frest & Co., \$6,000; Victor &

National Bank, \$48,000; Naumburg, Kraus, Bauer & Co., \$25,000; Rufus S. Froat & Co., \$6,000; Victor & Achelis, \$2,000, aggregating \$81,000.

Morris J. Hirsch, of the law firm, said yesterday that the judgments in favor of the preferred creditors were anticipated by them in view of the disastrous results portrayed at the meeting of the Schloss creditors on Wednesday; that the showing then made was much worse than was expected; that according to the expert's report. Mr. Lewis, the confidential manager of the firm, had not overdrawn at the most more than \$10,000 above his share in seven years, and that this did not account for the extraordinary deficiency of nearly \$20,000 between the assets and liabilities; that the failure of the debtors to make a satisfactory explanation to the creditors for the disappearance of so much property as was shown to have happened, indicated, no doubt, to the debtors and their friends that there was a strong probability that charges of fraud would be made against them, and that the assignment would be imperilled; hence they hastened to put in confessions of judgment in favor of preferred creditors, and thus, if possible, have a double hold unon the assets. It is said that legal proceedings will be begun soon.

Edwin Einstein, of the firm of Townsend, Dyett & Einstein, said, yesterday, that he represented a number of judgment creditors, and that the step of securing the judgment was taken on the part of the preferred creditors merely as a matter of protection. Dissatisfaction on the part of the cause of a petition to set askide the assignment, he said. Over two-thirds of the promissory notes under which the judgments are secured were executed since December 1.

THE PLAY WAS BRILLIANT. SCHAEFER'S RUN OF 203 THE FEATURE

OF THE TOURNAMENT.

HE DISTANCES SLOSSON IN THE BIG BILLIARD MATCH-WILLIAM SEXTON, THE VET-ERAN BREAKS HIS LEG.

The Schaefer-Slosson match last night was in many respects the best of the games thus far played in the great billiard tournament. Those who came to the hall early heard the name Sexton more ofter than that of either Schaefer or Slosson, who were to cross cues for the evening's laurels, "Billy Sexton, the old favorite, it 'was reported, wen downtown yesterday afternoon to give a lesson, an while stepping from a car at Broadway and Seventeenth-st., fell and broke his leg in two places. The accident called forth much sympathy in the house, which held more real billiard men than on

ny evening before. Manager Daly's style of managing and Schofield's way of marking go far toward making the tourney opular. Last night the game was tame till Sloson tackled the balls in the third inning, when "follow," a three-cushion shot and a draw, each a beauty and made in quick succession, warmed up the spectators. The feature of the evening and of

beauty and made in quick succession, warmed up
the spectators. The feature of the evening and of
the tournament came in the shape of a run of 203
by Schaefer.

The fourth shot that Schaefer made in the
seventh liming was doubtless the most brilliant
of the evening. The three balls were strung along
the lower rail, the cue ball and one other inside
the extreme balk line, the third ball near the balk
time on the other side of the table. The Wizard
masséd from the far ball and made the carom
and the wildest enthusiasm. Slosson did his share
of fireworks in the ninth inning, making some
fine around-the-table shots.

When Slosson started on his fifteenth inning.
Schaefer was 119 ahead, but he caught him before
he got through, and when he passed Schaefer the
audience had another hurrah time.

The game as a whole was a highly interesting
one, the average being: Slosson, 23-17; Schaefer,
25-5-17. The score in detail is given below:
Slosson-1, 18, 49, 9, 19, 24, 8, 2, 32, 1, 31, 45, 43, 3, 124,
1, 2-394
Schaefer-7, 2, 4, 69, 203, 14, 5, 23, 1, 9, 25, 7, 16, 1, 26,
136, 61-692.

OBITUARY.

DR. DAVID THAYER.

Boston, Dec. 15.-Dr. David Thayer, one of the oldest homeopathic physicians of Boston, died yes oldest homeopathic physicians of Boston, died yesteriay of pneumonia. He was born in Braintree in 1813, and his ancestors were among those who came from England in the Mayflower. Dr. Thayer early became an Abolitionist, and identified himself with Garrison and his party, while his house was an asylum for fugitive slaves many years before the war. John Brown visited him, and received generous contributions in aid of his project of freeing slaves in Missourt. Dr. Thayer was five years a member of the Massachusetts Legislature. His discovery in 1834 of the homeopathic specific for galistone colic gave him professional fame.

MRS. GEORGE W. MELVILLE.

Washington, Dec. 15.-Mrs. Henrietta Beatty Mel ville, wife of Commodore George W. Melville, Chief Engineer, United States Navy, died in this city yesterday after a long illness. Mrs. Melville was a native of Buffalo, N. Y., and the daughter of the late Judge C. A. Waldron, of that city.

THE EARL OF BECTIVE. London, Dec. 15.-The Earl of Bective died

to-day. He was born in 1844. FATHER RICHARD BRENNAN.

Father Richard Brennan, paster of the Church of the Holy Innocents, No. 126 West Thirty-seventh-st., died at the rectory early yesterday morning st., died at the rectory early yesterday morning from paralysis. Father Brennan had hardly recovered from a stroke of paralysis which he received about a year ago. The second stroke overcame him Thursday night, and Drs. Kelly, Quinn and Murphy were called in, but their efforts proved unavailing. Father Brennan was a native of NewYork, and was sixty-one years old. He was educated at St. Francis Xavier's and at Fordham. He was a man of much literary ability. He was the translator of a number of French and German works, and the author of several devotional books. The funeral will take place on Monday morning. The burial will be in Calvary Cemetery.

JOHN L. PORTER.

Norfolk, Va., Dec. 15.—John L. Porter, formerly chief naval constructor in the Confederate Navy, and the projector and builder of the famous fron-clad ram Virginia (the Mertimac), died at his home in Portsmouth last night, aged eighty years.

THOMAS WEBB OSBORN.

Thomas Webb Osborn, who died suddenly at Pe conic, L. L. yesterday morning, was associated with Samuel Ruggies in the practice of law at No. III Broadway. He graduated from Yale in the class of 1892. Mr. Osborn was a member of the University Club. He leaves a wife and one child. The burial will take place at Cutchogue, L. I.

OBITUARY NOTES. Quebec, Dec. 15.-Charles A. Scott, at one time

manager of the Government rallways in Nova Scotla, died here this morning.

Scotia, died here this morning.

Boston, Dec. 15.—Barius Eddy, known throughout the country as a manufacturer of refrigerators, died yesterday, aged eighty-four.

Middletown, N. Y., Dec. 15.—Major William E. Mapes, who had served two terms as County Clerk of Orange Country, and two terms as County Treasurer, died near Sugar Loaf on Wednesday. He enlisted as a private in Company B, 12th New-York State Volunteers, known as the "Orange Blossoms," and rose from the ranks to be Major of the regiment, At Cold Harbor a ball carried away one of his legs. He was a graduate of Union College in the class of '79.

NOT BUYING LONG ISLAND PROPERTY.

Westbury, L. I., to the effect that William C. Whitney had bought 100 acres of land there. According to the report, his purchase included the William E. Hauxhurst homestead, purchased for \$25,000, and the William Seaman estate. Mr. Whitney laughingly denied the report last night, when seed by a Tribune reporter. "I have made no such purchases," he said, "and have no idea of buying any land in the locality."

COMMITTEES READY TO REPORT. RESULTS OF THE INQUIRY INTO CHARGES OF REPUBLICAN TREACHERY TO BE KNOWN NEXT TUESDAY NIGHT.

The Committee of Thirty, appointed to investigate the charges of treachery and fraud on the part of a number of the Republican district leaders and to report a plan for the reorganization of the party in this city, will meet at the Fifth of the party in this city, will meet at the Fifth Avenue Hotel on next Tuesday night. The Committee of Thirty was divided into two committees. Colonel S. V. R. Cruger was made the chairman of one, the Committee on Investigation, and Elihu Root was made the chairman of the other, the Committee on Reorganization. Both of the subcommittees are ready to report, and their reports have been foreshadowed in The Tribune. The Committee on Investigation will report in favor of a thorough reorganization of the party in this county and the Committee on Reorganization will report the plan which has been outlined in this paper. The Republican County Committee will meet in the Grand Opera House on next Thursday night.

SEEKING TO REDUCE GOVERNOR WERTS'S SALARY.

Trenton, Dec. 15.-The truth of the report of the "deal" between the Essex and Hudson mem-bers of the Legislature for the capture of the offices of State Treasurer and State Controller is authoritatively denied, Essex having refused to join Hudson in the scheme. The Essex members will support William S. Hancock, of Mercer, fo State Controller, and in return Mercer and nearly all of the counties in South and West Jersey will support George B. Swain, of Essex, for State Treas-urer. This combination has indorsements also in other sections of the State, as it will render prac-ticable an equitable division of all the minor offices.

other sections of the State, as it wan tender for ticable an equitable division of all the minor offices.

Reports from the leaders of the Republican party are to the effect that John I. Holt, of Passalc, is gaining strength in his contest for the speakership of the House. Garret S. Hobart, chairman of the National Republican Committee, is lending him powerful aid, and, if the statements emanating from Passaic County are not misleading. Holt has already more than a majority of the caucus promised to vote for him. For the post of Sergeant-at-Arms of the House there are several candidates, but John F. Lovett, of Trenton, seems to have the inside track so far. The lawyers appointed by the Republican State Committee to draw up the bills repealing partisan Democratic acts have drafted eighty-six such measures up to date. They will all be introduced as soon as the Legislature organizes, and the repeal of the Racetrack Gambling laws will be among the first measures passed. It is more than likely that an act will be passed cutting the annual salary of the Governor down to \$5,000. It was increased some years ago, while Leon Abbett was Governor, from \$5,000 to \$10,000, a sum which is paid to only two or three Governors in the United States. There has been general dissatisfaction with the increase ever tince it was made, and as the Republicans aliced in passing the bill for it, they feel that they should now make the reduction to the old figure.

JOSIAH QUINCY'S MISSION.

Boston, Dec. 15,-It was stated on good authority to-day that Josiah Quincy, who has gone to Wash-ington, would act as peacemaker in the fights being made for the Fall River and New-Bedford postoffices, and would present the names of the candidates to the President. It is reported also that some changes in important Federal offices in the Boston district may result from Mr. Quincy's visit to the Capital.

CHAIRMAN CARTER CALLS A MEETING. Helena, Mont., Dec. 15.-Chairman Carter, of the Republican National Committee, yesterday issued a call for a meeting of the Executive Committee at the Arlington Hotel, Washington, January 11, next.

THE SCHNORER CLUB'S LIVELY ELECTION. The Schnorer Club had an exciting meeting last night in its rooms, at One-hundred-and-sixty-third-st, and Third-ave. There was a contest between the friends of Judge William G. McCrea and A. F. Schwanke, for president of the association. Judge

Schwanke, for president of the association. Judge McCrea represented the element opposed to Tammany Hall and its methods. The rest of the ticket was made up on the same basis.

The election was vigorously contested and votes were canvassed at the door of the clubbouse by those interested. President William G. McCrea was elected by a vote of 73 to 45 cast for A. F. Schwanke. Henry C. Schrader was elected vice-president, John McMahon treasurer, and John C. Heintz, John H. J. Ronner and Robert Vollbracht directors. There were 118 votes cast out of a membership of 195. One of the ballots was blank.

A YOUNG AND STRONG CLUB ORGANIZED. The Garfield Republican League of the Hd Assembly District, although a young organization, promises to do good work for the party in a neigh promises to do good work for the party in a neighborhood where opportunities for a quiet educational canvass are numerous. The League was recently reorganized, and at a regular meeting at its headquarters. No. 59 East Broadway, last night a constitution and by-laws were adopted. The name of William T. Dobson was by unanimous vote added to the Executive Committee. It was also voted to inform Mrs. James A. Garfield that the name of her husband had been used to honor the organization. A list of the voters of the district is to be procured for the use of the League.

THE KNEISEL QUARTET.

It was gratifying to note last right that as disacould well be imagined to fright the souls of fearful concert-goers did not prevent a fine audience from gathering in the Cham-ber Music Room of the Music Hall to hear the secber Music Room of the Music Hall to hear the second concert of the Kneisel Quartet. Large audiences are not expected on occasions of this kind,
but sympathetic and intelligent interest are essential, and these were generously represented last
night. It was a gentle audience, and an appreciative one, and one worthy of the delightful entertainment which Mr. Kneisel and his conferes provided.
The programme began with Mozarf's Quartet in D
minor, and then came two features which had a
special interest—the appearance of Mme. Paur,
wife of the conductor of the Boston Orchestra, as
a pianoforte player in Schubert's Trio in E-flat, op.
190, and the performance of a sexiet for two violins, two violas and two violoneellos by C. M. Loeffler, the assistant principal of the orchestra's violins. Both of these features were worthy of the
quartet and the audience, a statement which can
be interpreted into as fragrant and enthusiastic
praise as the imagination of the reader will permit.
Mrs. Paur's work was in thorough accord with that
of Mr. Kneisel and Mr. Sorroesler, and if it lacked
elasticity it was highly intelligent and appreciative
of the sunshiny music. Mr. Loeffler's exytet
is a fine piece of writing, strongly tinged with
Russian feeling, and making use of a phrase from
the bargemen's song, "Az Ouchnem," which
Mme. Lineff's choir surgs at her extremely interesting concerts. It was heard with profound interest
and deserves a much more careful study than is
possible on this occasion. ond concert of the Kneisel Quartet. Large

WAITING FOR THE TARIFF BILL.

THE PARTY LASH NECESSARY.

From The Philadelphia Inquirer. The day has been fixed. The bill will be launched n Tuesday, and a Democratic caucus is talked of for the same night to discover if it is possible to put the bill through without ameadment. Some-thing like party unity is absolutely necessary if the bill is to be adopted in its present shape. And yet the Democrat who will sink his individuality un-der a caucus decree in a controversy like this must lose his manliness, and at the same time prove false to his constituents.

NOT CLAMORING FOR A CAUCUS. From The Wheeling Intelligencer.

The Democratic caucus on the tariff question is a thing to be handled gently. Observe that the brethren are not rushing into it head-over-heels.

LET THE PEOPLE HAVE A HEARING.

LET THE PEOPLE HAVE A HEARING.
From The Mail and Express.
From every part of the land the voice of protest is heard. This voice has thus far been disregarded by Professor Wilson's Ways and Means Committee. It remains to be seen if it will be listened to when the Democratic members of the House meet in caucus to consider the new Tariff bill. Let the people insist on having a hearing and on having their rights.

A RAILROADING POLICY NECESSARY, From The Wilkesbarre Record, In deference to the demands of their constituents a number of Democratic Congressmen have already announced their intention to oppose the bill, and the list is constantly growing. As a matter of and the list is constantly growing. As a matter of fact, it is claimed that only twenty more are needed to bring about its defeat. If this claim is justified by the facts, it is no wonder that Mr. Wilson is desirous of railroading the bill through the House as quickly as possible. It cannot stand the strain of nuclic condemnation much longer, and if not rushed through at break-neck speed may be lost.

Mr. Wilson's committee seems to be about as much dissatisfied with the result of its work as everybody else is. NOT SO EASY IN PRACTICE.

NOBODY SATISFIED WITH IT.

From The Buffalo Commercial. The Democracy are finding out that it is easier

The Democracy are linding out that it is caused to adjust the tariff in a series of resolutions passed by the Chicago Convention than it is to propose something that will satisfy the people all around. "The Louisville Courier-Journal" admits that the "virus of Protection" works in all parts of the Union. The South is not "notid" in opposition to the Republican system. PUBLIC SENTIMENT NOT CONSIDERED.

From The Albany Journal.

If the fate of the measure depended upon the public sentiment in its favor, it would be referred back to the Ways and Means Committee next

THE YOUNG ALUMNI OF BROWN.

The second meeting of the new Young Alumai Association of Brown University was held at the Association of Brown University was held at the Arena last night. There were about forty members present. The president, S. H. Ordway, occupied the chair, and the meeting was chiefly occupied with business in relation to the firm establishment of the organization and its plans of usafulness to the college which it represents. Several new members were admitted, and the reports of various committees were heard. It was decided that the first annual dinner of the association should take place on January 26. After the business meeting a supper was served, and there was a short musical entertainment. Among those present were James E. Smith, George G. Hunter, Charles Hitchcock, J. B. Porter, W. C. Readlo, G. W. Hopkins, B. S. Webb, H. M. Burrows, Gardner Colby, Gardner M. Wickes, C. P. Seagrave, George H. Culver, A. F. McGlinn, Frank T. Easton, Joseph P. Earle, W. J. Green, H. B. Anthony, John R. Beam, S. H. Ordway, Francis Lawton, W. H. Frost, G. H. Bottum, W. H. Williams, W. E. Caldwell, H. L. Burdick, W. R. Dorman, T. E. Brown, Jr., L. St. Clair Colby, Arthur H. Colby, Ira Barrows, Charles D. Cooke and N. S. Dyke.

Sooner or later a neglected cold will develop & constant cough, shortness of breath, failing strength and wasting of fiesh, all symptomatic of some serious lung affection, which may be avoided or palliated by using in time Dr. Jayne's Expectorant.

Marvelous Fuel. Scenalis, the only one of its kies in the market. Send for catalogue to United States Fuel Co. (limited), 19 Park Place, N. Y.

MARRIED. TURNBULL—HENDERSON—At Westchester, New-York Thursday, December 14, 1893, by the Rev. Richard I Mattice, Mary C. Henderson, daughter of the lat-James Henderson, to Walter Turnbull, of Reynolds North Dakota. VON CHELMINSKI-HENSCHEL-In London, on Thursday, December 14th, 1803, Mrs. Ma Henschel to Jan Von Chelminski.

Notices of marriages must be indorsed with

ANDERSON-At Plainfield, N. J., Dec. 14th, 1843, William G. Anderson, son of the late Dr. James Anderson, of New-York, aged 65 years.

Funeral from his late residence, No. 334 Franklin Place, Plainfield, N. J., on Monday, Dec. 18th, on arrival of 11:45 train from New-York. BARCLAY-At Camden, S. C., December 14th, William De Witt Barclay.
Funeral services at Grace Church, Nyack, N. Y., Monday.
Funeral services at Grace Church, Nyack, N. Y., Monday.
December 18th, 3 p. m.
Train from Chambers at ferry, N. Y., 1:20 p. m.
BISSELL-In New-York City, on Thursday, Dec. 14, Rush
Walsworth Bissell.
Saturday, 11:20 a. m., at No. 55

Funeral service on Saturday, 11:30 a. m., at No. Park-ave. Interment in Passale, N. J. BLACK—On Thursday, December 14th, Margaret, relict of the late Joseph Black, in the 60th year of her age, Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral on Saturday, December 16th, from her late residence, No. 437 West Bith-st., at 1:39 p. m.

DEAN-At Sunbury, Penn., December 14th, 1803, James Franklin Dean, of New-York, after a short illness.

Prospect-ave., corner East 176th-st., on Sunday, ber 17th, at 2 p. m. FROTHINGHAM-On December 13th, Margaret Hunter, of the late William Frothingham, M. D., late of widow of the late William Frothingnam, M. D., late of the city of New-York. Services at No. 19 Tulpehocken-st., Germantown, on Sat-urchay morning at 8:30 o'clock. Interment Trinity Church Cemetery, city of New-York, at

HALLETT-At Katonah, N. Y., Thursday morning, Dec. 14th, Charles W., son of John W. and Lena Hallett, 14th, Charles W., son of John to ascel 14 years.
Funeral services Saturday at 2 o'clock at Methodist Episcopal Church. copal Church.

HAMILTON-Suddenly, on Dec. 14th, 1893, Mrs. Elizabeth
Hamilton, widow of the late Hugh Hamilton.

Belatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral
service at her late residence, 237 West 134th-st., on
Saturday afternoon at 5 o'clock.

MAUKINTOSH-Entered into rest on December 13th 1843, of apopiexy, Catharine Antoinette, wife of Angu-Markintosh, of Elizabeth, New-Jersey, in the 58th year of her age. Funeral services on Saturday, December 16th, at 1 o'clock p. m. at St. John's Church, Elizabeth. p. m., at St. John's Church, Elizabeth.

MAYO—On Friday, December 15th, Sylvanus Mayo, in the
68th year of his age.

Funeral from the Church of the Intercession, 158th-ct.
and Hth-ave., Monday, December 18th, at 2 o'clock.

Please omit flowers.

METHFESSEL. A. G. Methfessel.
Funeral service at his late residence. Richmond Rock.
Stapleton, S. I., Monday, the 18th, at 1 p. m. Michaels Suddenly, at Stamford, Conn., on Dec. 14th, Wm. B. Michaels, in the 65d year of his age. Funeral services at his late residence on Sunday, the 17th inst., at 2 p. m. inst., at 2 p. m. MORPIT-On Friday, December 15, 1893, Julia Fairfax Morfit, daughter of Clarence and Annie E. Morfit. Morlit, daughter of Clarence and Annie E. M. Funeral service at the residence of her parents of the-st., on Monday, Dec. 18, at 19:30 o'clock. Interment at convenience of family.

OARLEY-At Stamford, Conn., on Thursday, D 1863, Jesse Oakley, formerly of New-York City, Sich Jease Oblifey, and State of the second of the second Dec. 16th, at 3:30 o'clock, from his OLYPHANT-Suddenly, Thursday, December 14th, 1803, Vernor Murray, son of Robert M. and the late Anna Vernor Olyphant. Puncal private.

Office of the Secretary, 56 Wall-st. (Room 5). With regret announcement is made of the death of our associate member, Rev. Vernon Murray Olyphant, in this city, December 18th, 18t

KENSICO CEMETERY, Harlem Railroad, 48 minutes from Grand Central Depot; new private station at trance. Office, 16 East 422-st. Telephone call, 556 38.

Special Notices.

OF THE LATE GEORGE M'LAUGHLIN, CINCINNATI, OHIO,

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A collection comprising Americana; a large number a books relating to France, the Revolution, and Napoleou a choice collection of Travels; Works on Art, including I lustrated Books, and many valuable and interesting work in General Literature, Essays, Anecdotes, Fiction, Historica,

.siso

To be sold at auction
MONDAY, DEC. 18, and four following days. at
3 o'clock each afternoon. BANGS & CO., 430 AND 741 BROADWAY.

The Lenox Library and Reading Room), Fig. Avenue and Joth Street, is open every week day from a m. to 4 p. m. The Lenox Collection of Bibles, Americana, Shakespearana, etc., the Dayckinek Library of English and American Literature; the Astom Library of French Library the French Library of French Library and French Library; the George Bancroft Library; Exhibition of Rare and Early Printed Books, Columbus documents, the older books on America, etc. Two galleries of Paintings.

Admission Free-No Tickets required.

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Scroil Saws, 22.50 to \$40.
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Furning Lathe and Scroil Saws combined, \$5.00 up.
Fancy Woods, Deagns and Supplies.
Fool Chests, \$2.00 to \$20.00.
Frinting Presses and Outilts, \$1.50 up.
Work Henches, \$12.00 to \$30.00. (LIST FREE.)
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Foreign mails for the week ending December 16 will close typenpily in all cases) at this mile, as follows:

SATURDAY—At 6:30 a.m. for France, Switzerland, Saturday, 19 and Pritton India, per \$. 8. Italy Spain, Portugal, Turker and Pritton India, per \$. 8. Italy Spain, Portugal, Turker and Pritton India, per \$. 8. Italy Spain, Portugal, Turker and Pritton India, per \$. 8. Italy Spain, Portugal, Turker and Pritton India, per \$. 8. Italy Spain, Portugal, Turkey and France, Switzerland, Italy, Spain, Portugal, Turkey and France, Switzerland Italy, Spain, Portugal, Turkey and France, Switzerland Italy, Spain, Portugal, Turkey and British India must be directed "per Esturia"); at 7:30 a.m. for Norwal direct, per \$. 8. Island dietters must be directed "per Amsterdam, via Rotterdam (letters must be directed "per Amsterdam") at 10 a.m. (supplementary 10:30 a.m.) for Fortune Island, Jamaica, Jacmel and Australia, 10:30 a.m.) for Fortune Island, Jamaica, Jacmel and Australia, 10:30 a.m.) for Fortune Island, Jamaica, Jacmel and Australia, 10:30 a.m. for Campecha, Cambia, 10:30 a.m. for Indiana, Island, Jamaica, Savanilia and Carthagena, per \$. 8. Tuscan Prince.

Asils for Australia (except Pince.

S. Cly of Rio Janeiro (from San Francisco), close here daily up to January 6 at 6:30 p. m. for on arrival at New-York of 8. Etruria with istitush malis for Australia. Mails for Chima and Japan per \$. 8. Cly of Rio Janeiro (from San Francisco), close here daily up to December 2:1 at 6:30 p. m. Mails for Hamilia, per \$. 8. Australia (from San Francisco), close here daily up to December 2:2 at 6:30 p. m. Mails for Chima Japan. Hawail and Australia, and thence by stranger class), while for Notes at this office daily at 8:30 p. m. Mails for Chima Japan. Hawail and Australia, in the stranger of the Sactety Islands, per \$. Chima and Japan per \$. Chi

A set of Groller Club Publications,